Acta Neuropathologica Communications

CORRECTION

Open Access

Correction: Tau seed amplification assay reveals relationship between seeding and pathological forms of tau in Alzheimer's disease brain

Bryan Frey[1,3,4*], David Holzinger[1], Keenan Taylor[2], Dagmar E. Ehrnhoefer[1], Andreas Striebinger[1], Sandra Biesinger[1], Laura Gasparini[1], Michael J. O'Neill[1], Florian Wegner[3,4], Stefan Barghorn[1], Günter U. Höglinger[3,4,5,6] and Roland G. Heym[1*]

Correction: Acta Neuropathologica Communications (2023) 11:181
https://doi.org/10.1186/s40478-023-01676-w

Following publication of the original article [1], the author noticed the errors in Table S1 of the Supplementary file.

In Table S1, the text part 'C-terminal His6-tag' should have read as 'N-terminal His6-tag' for Senostic Health GmbH.

The original article has been corrected.

Supplementary Information

The online version contains supplementary material available at https://doi.org/10.1186/s40478-024-01825-9.

Supplementary Material 1

Published online: 15 July 2024

References

1. Frey B, Holzinger D, Taylor K et al (2023) Tau seed amplification assay reveals relationship between seeding and pathological forms of tau in Alzheimer's disease brain. acta Neuropathol Commun 11:181. https://doi.org/10.1186/s40478-023-01676-w

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

The online version of the original article can be found at https://doi.org/10.1186/s40478-023-01676-w.

*Correspondence:
Bryan Frey
bryan.frey@abbvie.com
Roland G. Heym
roland.heym@abbvie.com
[1]AbbVie Deutschland GmbH & Co. KG, Neuroscience Research, Knollstrasse, 67061 Ludwigshafen, Germany
[2]AbbVie Bioresearch Center, Biotherapeutics and Genetic Medicine Technologies, Worcester, MA, USA
[3]Department of Neurology, Hannover Medical School, Hanover, Germany
[4]Center for Systems Neuroscience, Hannover, Germany
[5]German Center for Neurodegenerative Diseases E.V. (DZNE), Munich, Germany
[6]Department of Neurology, LMU University Hospital, Ludwig-Maximilians-University (LMU), Munich, Germany

© The Author(s) 2024. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.